



#### Beef + Lamb New Zealand Limited

# Statement of Service Performance

For the year ended 30 September 2024

Beef + Lamb New Zealand Limited (B+LNZ) exists under the Commodity Levies Act 1990. No later than every six years sheep and beef producers vote to support B+LNZ's industry good mandate and continue paying red meat levies.

The last farmer referendum was held in 2021 and the Commodity Levies (Meat) Order 2021 regulation approved which provides levy funding from sheep (75 cents per head) and beef (\$5.20 per head) production at point of slaughter for investment in the strategic priorities, as set out in the referendum levy proposal.

B+LNZ's vision is sustainable and profitable farmers, thriving rural communities, valued by New Zealanders. Working with our farmers our priorities are:



#### Supporting farming excellence. Our farmers run sustainable, profitable, farming systems.

We do this by supporting farmers to achieve this by delivering the world's best research, innovation and extension.



#### Championing the sector. Our farmers are celebrated as the world's best red meat producers.

We do this by positioning the sector to be respected and supported by New Zealanders and advocating for policies that enable our farmers.



Increasing market returns. Our farmers receive Increased value for our sustainable farming systems and natural grass-fed beef and lamb.

We do this by identifying and creating market opportunities, dismantling barriers, and growing consumer preference for New Zealand beef and lamb.

In 2024 the B+LNZ strategy was refreshed as reported in the annual report and this will be reported in future financial years Statement of Service Performance.

#### **Our farmers**

Partnerships are a key enabler to our strategy, and engagement with farmers is central to what we do, across our teams, programmes, events and advisory groups. Our priority is face-to-face contact where possible, but we reach farmers in a range of ways.

We track key indicators to better understand how our engagement is working and how farmers are feeling about the sector. Surveys are conducted by an independent third-party provider on a quarterly basis using well established methodology.

Farmer awareness of B+LNZ and satisfaction with B+LNZ are key measures of success for B+LNZ and represent farmer perception of overall performance.

#### **Investment**

B+LNZ's investment in industry good activities is allocated across the strategic priority areas, as approved by farmers during the referendum process, and third-party income and Government funding is sought to leverage the levy funds invested.

The strategic priority areas are broken into programme areas and reported against the budget targets set for the 2024 year to provide transparency where the levy investment is made on behalf of farmers.

#### **Farmer metrics**

	Target	2024	2023
Farmer awareness of B+LNZ (12 month rolling average)	>80%	79%	82%
Farmers neutral or satisfied with B+LNZ (12 month rolling average)	>90%	79%	69%
Farmer events	450	351	394
Event attendees	13,000	12,676	12,907

Farmer awareness and satisfaction with B+LNZ is summarised from the average of the surveys conducted on a quarterly basis from the October 2023 to September 2024 period. This is a representative sample of 495 farmers from across all regions chosen by an independent research provider from the B+LNZ farmer database.

The target is to achieve awareness levels more than 80%. Awareness levels have dipped slightly over the year to 79% but within ranges seen in previous quarterly surveys. Farmers are asked how much they know about B+LNZ and what it does with reference to the strategic priorities.

Farmers' satisfaction includes both satisfied and neutral responses returned in the survey. In 2024 the target was increased to reflect the inclusion of neutrals. Farmers are asked to rate satisfaction (a score of 1-2), neutral (3) and dissatisfied (4-5). Over the last twelve months the rolling average for neutral and satisfied farmer responses has increased to 79% with a big shift from dissatisfied to neutral. The improvement is the result of the refreshed strategy and farmer support for the increased focus behind the farm gate and the changes B+LNZ has made to farmer engagement, the advocacy approach to Government and the new Government's policy reset.

Farmer events summarise the farmer events run by B+LNZ and includes joint events with partner organisations. The number of events has remained at the 2023 levels with some variation across the regions with the new extension strategy and resourcing adapting which has also impacted on reaching the target in 2024. The number of attendees has reduced with slightly less attendees across some of our larger events (over 100 attendees) in the 2024 year.

#### Investment by strategic priority \$,000

	Target 2024	Actual 2024	2023
Supporting Farming Excellence	18,040	16,005	15,610
Research	4,077	2,929	2,656
Genetics	5,174	4,515	4,600
Extension	5,113	5,598	4,409
People & capability	1,158	1,011	960
Environment on farm	2,518	1,951	2,985
Increasing Market Returns	3,270	3,556	7,350
Taste Pure Nature, consumer insights & market innovation	1,670	2,328	5,897
Market access & policy	1,600	1,228	1,453
Championing the sector	8,378	7,508	8,543
Trust, reputation and communication	2,862	2,731	2,669
Advocacy on national & regional policy	5,516	4,777	5,874
Third party income as a % of levy income	19%	19%	20%

The major movements compared to Target (budget) were the delays to establishing a Facial Eczema research programme that commenced on 1st April 2024, Informing New Zealand Beef trait development work pushed back into 2024-2025 and the renewed strategy focus on farm business productivity and profitability saw a reduction in environmental workshops.

Increased costs were incurred in transitioning the Taste Pure Nature programme over to the Meat Industry Association and processing companies and a change in government led to a temporary pause on environmental policy activity.

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE REVENUE AND EXPENSE

For the year ended 30 September 2024

		Group	Group
		Year Ended 2024	Year Ended 2023
In thousands of New Zealand dollars	Note	Total	Total
Non Exchange Revenue			
Levies Received	4	29,870	30,194
Biosecurity Levies Received	4	3,045	3,069
Other Non Exchange Income	4	4,439	5,133
Exchange Revenue			
Other income	4	3,609	3,706
Total Income		40,963	42,102
Operating expenses	6	(39,086)	(44,439)
Net operating surplus/ (deficit) from operating activities		1,877	(2,337)
Net finance income	5	2,031	565
Net operating surplus/ (deficit) for the year before income tax		3,908	(1,772)
Income tax expense	7	(26)	(45)
Net operating surplus/ (deficit) for the year		3,882	(1,817)
Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the year	13	3,882	(1,817)

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE REVENUE AND EXPENSE

For the year ended 30 September 2024

#### Parent Year Ended 2024

tear Elided 2024				
In thousands of New Zealand dollars	Note	Beef	Sheepmeat	Total Levy Stream
Non Exchange Revenue				
Levies Received	4	13,719	16,151	29,871
Biosecurity Levies Received	4	3,045	-	3,045
Other Non Exchange Income	4	2,941	1,357	4,297
Exchange Revenue				
Other income	4	1,620	1,974	3,593
Total Income		21,325	19,482	40,806
Operating expenses	6	(20,388)	(18,683)	(39,070)
Net operating surplus/ (deficit) from operating activities		937	799	1,736
Net finance income	5	1,097	933	2,030
Net operating surplus for the year before income tax		2,034	1,732	3,766
Income tax expense	7	(13)	(13)	(26)
Net operating surplus for the year		2,021	1,719	3,740
Total comprehensive income for the year	13	2,021	1,719	3,740
Share of Operating surplus of Research Consortium and Subsidiaries as reflected in Group Financial Statements comprising:				142
B+LNZ Emissions Company Ltd				142
Group Net operating surplus for the year- Levy Stream				3,882

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE REVENUE AND EXPENSE

For the year ended 30 September 2024

#### Parent Year Ended 2023

In thousands of New Zealand dollars	Note	Beef	Sheepmeat	Total Levy Stream
Non Exchange Revenue				
Levies Received	4	14,181	16,012	30,194
Biosecurity Levies Received	4	3,069	-	3,069
Other Non Exchange Income	4	3,359	1,774	5,132
Exchange Revenue				
Other income	4	1,470	1,789	3,260
Total Income		22,079	19,575	41,655
Operating expenses	6	(22,382)	(21,592)	(43,974)
Net operating deficit from operating activities		(303)	(2,017)	(2,319)
Net finance income	5	278	287	565
Revaluation of Investment in Subsidiary company	12	12	18	30
Net operating deficit for the year before income tax	7	(13)	(1,712)	(1,724)
Income tax expense		(22)	(22)	(45)
Net operating deficit for the year	13	(35)	(1,734)	(1,769)
Total comprehensive income for the year		(35)	(1,734)	(1,769)
Share of Operating deficit of Research Consortium and Subsidiaries as reflected in Group Financial Statements comprising:				(48)
B+LNZ Investments Ltd				(41)
B+LNZ Emissions Company Ltd				(7)
Group Net operating deficit for the year- Levy Stream				(1,817)

#### **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

For the year ended 30 September 2024

	Gr	oup	Pare	Parent		
In thousands of New Zealand dollars	Retained Earnings	Total Equity	Retained Earnings	Total Equity		
Balance at 1 October 2023	22,655	22,655	22,616	22,616		
Total comprehensive revenue and expense						
Surplus for the year	3,882	3,882	3,740	3,740		
Total comprehensive income for the year	3,882	3,882	3,740	3,740		
Balance at 30 September 2024	26,537	26,537	26,356	26,356		

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 30 September 2023

	Gr	oup	Parent		
In thousands of New Zealand dollars	Retained Earnings	Total Equity	Retained Earnings	Total Equity	
Balance at 1 October 2022	24,472	24,472	24,385	24,385	
Total comprehensive revenue and expense					
Deficit for the year	(1,817)	(1,817)	(1,769)	(1,769)	
Total comprehensive income for the year	(1,817)	(1,817)	(1,769)	(1,769)	
Balance at 30 September 2023	22,655	22,655	22,616	22,616	

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 30 September 2024

In thousands of New Zealand dollars	Note	Group 2024	Group 2023	Parent 2024	Parent 2023
EQUITY EMPLOYED					
Retained earnings	13	26,537	22,655	26,356	22,616
TOTAL EQUITY EMPLOYED		26,537	22,655	26,356	22,616
Represented by:					
ASSETS					
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents		6,706	6,192	6,680	6,190
Trade and other exchange receivables	8	1,008	809	1,008	795
Non-exchange Receivables	8	2,859	2,872	2,845	2,857
Term Deposits	9	5,000	4,000	5,000	4,000
Jarden - Managed Investment Portfolio	10	774	1,260	774	1,260
Derivative financial instruments	11	-	10	-	10
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		16,347	15,143	16,307	15,112
NON-CURRENT ASSETS					
Property, plant & equipment		737	672	737	672
Intangible assets		226	357	226	357
Jarden - Managed Investment Portfolio	10	13,927	11,572	13,927	11,572
Issue of shares - share in consortium	12	142	-	-	-
Term receivables - Exchange		25	34	25	34
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		15,057	12,635	14,915	12,635
TOTAL ASSETS		31,404	27,778	31,222	27,747
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Trade and other payables		3,671	3,875	3,670	3,883
Income in Advance		38	376	38	376
Derivative financial instruments	11	-	5	-	5
Deferred Revenue		88	87	88	87
Provisions	16	291	-	291	-
Employee entitlements		716	703	716	703
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		4,804	5,046	4,803	5,054
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Lease Liabilities		63	77	63	77
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		63	77	63	77
TOTAL LIABILITIES		4,867	5,123	4,866	5,131
NET ASSETS		26,537	22,655	26,356	22,616

The Board of Directors authorised these financial statements for issue on 4 December 2024.  $\label{eq:Board} % \begin{subarray}{ll} \end{subarray} % \begin{subarray}{ll} \end{subarra$ 

A copy of the full financial report is available from Beef + Lamb New Zealand Limited.

K Acland Chair

A Guilleux Chair Audit & Risk Committee

#### **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

For the year ended 30 September 2024

Note In thousands of New Zealand dollars	Group 2024	Group 2023	Parent 2024	Parent 2023
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash was received from:				
Levy receipts	32,970	33,329	32,970	33,329
Receipts from customers including rental income	3,559	4,744	3,505	3,501
Government Grants	2,541	3,717	2,541	3,717
Interest received	547	452	546	452
Grant funding from New Zealand Meat Board	1,360	1,320	1,360	1,320
Foreign currency translation adjustment	-	17	-	17
	40,977	43,579	40,922	42,336
Cash was applied to:				
Payments to suppliers and employees	39,085	44,362	38,945	43,821
Payments to Consortia	-	-	111	30
Foreign currency translation adjustment	2	-	2	-
Net GST Paid	31	14	29	12
Realised Loss on matured Foreign Exchange Contracts	23	63	23	63
	39,141	44,439	39,110	43,926
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES 19	1,836	(860)	1,812	(1,590)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Cash was received from:				
Maturity of investments	8,000	10,500	8,000	10,500
Disposal of property, plant & equipment	-	150	-	-
Loan North Canterbury Future Farm	-	-	-	761
Capital Redeemed North Canterbury Future Farm	-	-	-	285
Dividend Received	458	482	458	482
	8,458	11,132	8,458	12,028
Cash was applied to:				
Purchase of property, plant & equipment	292	480	292	480
Purchase of intangible assets	30	358	30	358
Purchase of investments	9,000	7,000	9,000	7,000
Purchase of Managed Fund	458	499	458	499
	9,780	8,337	9,780	8,337
NET CASH FLOWS FROM/ (TO) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(1,322)	2,795	(1,322)	3,691
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Cash was received from:	-	-	-	-
Cash was applied to:	-	-	-	-
NET CASH FLOWS USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES	-	-	-	-
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	514	1,935	490	2,101
Add: Opening cash and cash equivalents	6,192	4,257	6,190	4,089
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	6,706	6,192	6,680	6,190
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS COMPRISE				
Cash at Bank	3,488	2,864	3,462	2,862
Short Term Deposits	3,218	3,328	3,218	3,328
	6,706	6,192	6,680	6,190

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#### 1. Reporting Entity

The financial statements are for Beef + Lamb New Zealand Limited (the Parent), as a separate entity and the consolidated financial statements are for the Beef + Lamb New Zealand Limited Group (the Group), which includes all its subsidiaries and associated entities as disclosed in note 12.

The Parent and the Group are designated as public benefit entities for financial reporting purposes.

Beef + Lamb New Zealand Limited is a company incorporated in New Zealand, with its registered office in Wellington. The Group operates in the red meat industry in New Zealand.

#### 2. Basis of Preparation

#### (a) Statutory base

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Financial Reporting Act 2013, the Companies Act 1993, and the Commodity Levies Act 1990.

#### (b) Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with New Zealand Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (NZ GAAP). They comply with the PBE Accounting Standards as appropriate for Tier 1 not-for profit public benefit entities.

#### (c) Basis of measurement

The accounting policies set out in the relevant notes to the financial statements have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared on an historical cost basis. Accrual accounting is used in the recognition of expenses and revenues. The accounting policies have been applied consistently by the Group entities. Certain comparative information has been updated to conform with the current year presentation.

#### (d) Going concern

These statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The Commodities Levies (Meat) Order 2021 was made by Order in Council in October 2021. This order came into force on 7 December 2021 and expires no later than 6 December 2027.

#### (e) Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with PBE Accounting Standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company's accounting policies.

Information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amount recognised in the financial statements are described in note 12 Investments in Subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures.

#### (f) Foreign currency

#### (i) Functional and presentation currency

The consolidated and Parent financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, which is the Group's functional and presentation currency.

#### (ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the income statement.

#### (g) GST

The financial statements are prepared exclusive of GST with the exception of receivables and payables, which are stated inclusive of GST.

#### (h) Expenditure of an intangible nature

#### Intellectual property

Intellectual property includes patent costs, trade secrets, brands (Taste Pure Nature) and scientific knowledge acquired. All costs are expensed, unless there is sufficient certainty that the intellectual property will directly generate sufficient income flows for the Group to support the carrying value.

#### Software

Internally generated software and purchased software that is not integral to the operating system of hardware, is capitalised as an intangible asset, subject to it generating service potential to the entity. Software is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

#### **Amortisation**

Amortisation of intellectual property and software is recognised in surplus or deficit on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets, from the date they are available for use. The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

Software 2.5 years

#### 3. Levy Stream Performance

The Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for Beef + Lamb New Zealand Ltd has been prepared by individual levy stream (beef and sheepmeat). This provides more specific detail than is required by the Commodity Levies Act 1990 and the constitution, which require, as a minimum, a summary of activities of the meat levy streams.

#### 4. Revenue and Other Income

#### **Revenue Recognition**

Revenue comprises the fair value for the sale of goods and services, excluding goods and services tax (GST), rebates and discounts. Revenue is recognised as follows:

#### **Revenue from exchange transactions**

Exchange transactions are transactions in which one entity receives assets or services, or has liabilities extinguished, and directly gives approximately equal value (primarily in the form of cash, goods, services, or use of assets) to another entity in exchange.

#### (i) Sales of services

Sales of services are recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered, by reference to stage of completion of the specific transaction assessed on the basis of the actual service provided as a proportion of the total services to be provided.

#### Revenue from non-exchange transactions

Non-exchange transactions are those where the Group receives value from another entity (e.g. cash or other assets) without giving approximately equal value in exchange.

#### (i) Levy income

Levy income is recognised at time of slaughter for beef and sheep meat.

#### (ii) Research Service Revenue from Government

The recognition of non-exchange revenue from grants depends on whether the grant comes with any conditions imposed on the use of the grant. Conditions that specifically require the Group to return the grant received if they are not used in the way contracted, result in the recognition of a liability that is subsequently recognised as non-exchange revenue as and when the conditions are satisfied.

Conditions that do not specifically require the Group to return the grant received if it is not utilised in the way contracted, therefore do not result in the recognition of a non-exchange liability, which results in the immediate recognition of nonexchange revenue.

The Group receives research revenue from the Ministry of Primary Industries (MPI).

Government grants are recognised initially as deferred income when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and that the Group will comply with the conditions associated with the grant.

Grants that compensate the Group for expenses incurred are recognised in income on a systematic basis in the same periods in which the expenses are recognised.

#### 5. Finance Income and Expense

Finance income comprises interest income on funds invested, changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, foreign currency gains, and gains on hedging instruments that are recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense. Interest income is recognised as it accrues, using the effective interest method.

Finance expenses comprise foreign currency losses, changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, impairment losses recognised on financial assets (except for trade receivables), losses on the disposal of available-forsale financial assets, and losses on hedging instruments that are recognised in profit or loss.

In thousands of New Zealand dollars	Group 2024	Group 2023	Parent 2024	Parent 2023
Interest income on term deposits	443	319	443	319
Interest income on cash and cash equivalents	132	165	131	165
Foreign exchange gain/ (loss) on derivatives	(29)	(154)	(29)	(154)
Gain on investments - Jarden managed investment fund (refer to note 10)	1,485	235	1,485	235
Net finance income	2,031	565	2,030	565

#### 6. Other Operating Expenses

Expenditure on research activities, undertaken with the prospect of gaining new scientific or technical knowledge and understanding, is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expenditure when incurred.

Intellectual property spend in the period includes the development of the Taste Pure Nature brand of Nil (2023: \$673)

The following items of expenditure are included in operating expenses:

In thousands of New Zealand dollars	Group 2024	Group 2023	Parent 2024	Parent 2023
Audit fees				
Auditor's remuneration to KPMG comprises: Audit of financial statements	71	64	71	64
Total auditor's remuneration	71	64	71	64
Depreciation	227	173	227	219
Software amortisation	161	78	161	78
Rental expense relating to operating leases	689	731	689	731
Directors fees	391	392	391	392
Employee benefits	14,486	13,329	14,487	13,328
Other operating expenditure	7,910	8,968	7,909	8,500
Research and development expenditure	7,964	7,533	7,948	7,491
Other project expenditure	4,142	10,102	4,142	10,102
Biosecurity levy paid	3,045	3,069	3,045	3,069
Total operating expenses	39,086	44,439	39,070	43,974

### 7. Income Tax Expense

In accordance with section 85 of the Meat Board Act 2004, the New Zealand Meat Board and Beef + Lamb New Zealand Limited and its subsidiaries form a consolidated tax group for income tax purposes.

Unrecognised tax losses of \$73.0 million (2023: \$72.2 million) are available to the consolidated tax group (which includes the New Zealand Meat Board and Beef + Lamb New Zealand Limited), subject to assessment of the current year losses by the Inland Revenue Department. Deferred tax assets are not recognised as it is not likely they will be realised.

Taxation has been deducted at source for foreign currency investments and \$25,797 (2023: \$44,854) will not be refundable even though the company has losses available.

#### 8. Receivables

Trade receivables are recognised at the receivable amount less provision for doubtful debts. Collectability of trade receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts which are known to be uncollectable are written off. When it is considered doubtful that debtors will pay the amounts due, a provision for doubtful debts is recognised.

In thousands of New Zealand dollars	Group 2024	Group 2023	Parent 2024	Parent 2023
Exchange Transactions				
Other Trade Receivables	573	433	573	419
Prepayments	309	279	309	279
Accrued interest	126	97	126	97
	1,008	809	1,008	795

In thousands of New Zealand dollars	Group 2024	Group 2023	Parent 2024	Parent 2023
Non Exchange Transactions				
Levies Receivable	1,815	1,908	1,815	1,908
Other Trade Receivables	14	66	-	73
Government Grants Receivable	640	398	640	376
NZMB Grant Funding Receivable	390	500	390	500
	2,859	2,872	2,845	2,857

## 9. Term Deposits

Term Deposits are classified as held to maturity because the Group has the intention to hold them to maturity.

In thousands of New Zealand dollars	Group	Group	Parent	Parent
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Current Investments	5,000	4,000	5,000	4,000

#### 10. Jarden Investments

#### Jarden - Managed Investment Portfolio

The Board has an Investment Policy Statement (IPS) which sets out the philosophies, strategies, investment procedures and investment practices that the Investment Manager (Jarden) will follow when managing the portfolio.

It also serves as a framework that B+LNZ and the Investment Manager can use when discussing the operational aspects of portfolio management.

The portfolio is reported on each quarter during the year with reference to the IPS.

#### **Objectives**

The Board's primary objective is to preserve and grow the real value of the portfolio to achieve returns in excess of those available from bank term deposits.

Additional objectives are:

- to maintain an appropriate level of liquidity so that funds are available every 6 years should the referendum result in the dissolution of B+LNZ.
- to maintain a reasonable level of capital stability within the investment portfolio.
- to provide income to meet operational requirements.

#### Investment Beliefs

The IPS is deliberately not prescriptive to allow Jarden to operate as a Discretionary Fund Manager with the parameters set out in the IPS.

The IPS's asset classes exclude International fixed interest. The rationale behind excluding global fixed interest is that it has longer duration and is more exposed to rising global interest rates. It should also make portfolio implementation more efficient which is a valid consideration given B+LNZ's lower funds under management. This does increase single country risk, i.e. NZ, however this is consistent with existing investment policies.

International investments are unhedged.

The board is prepared to take a medium level of risk and has a potential 6-year time horizon and therefore a 'balanced' approach is required using a Strategic Asset Allocation (SAA) approach.

The Investment Manager will maintain asset class weightings within the minimum and maximum limits outlined in the SAA ranges.

#### Investment Manager

The Board appointed Jarden as its Investment Fund Manager in November 2021.

Jarden Managed Investment Portfolio	2024	2023
In thousands of New Zealand dollars		
Opening Portfolio Value	12,832	12,241
Capital Contributed	F	-
Capital Changes to Investments		
Realised Capital Gain / (loss)	248	29
Unrealised Gain / (loss)	1,237	206
Accrued Interest	0	3
Income		
Interest	207	181
Dividends	251	256
Less Costs		
Tax	(36)	(45)
Management Fees	(38)	(39)
Total Costs	(74)	(84)
Net Income	384	353
Net Gain/ (loss) for the year	1,869	591
Closing Portfolio Value	14,701	12,832
Gross Portfolio return for period	14.88%	5.20%
Net Portfolio Return after fees and taxes p.a	14.58%	4.82%

Jarden Managed Investment Portfolio Asset Allocation	2024	2023
In thousands of New Zealand dollars		
Current Investments		
NZ Cash and Cash Equivalents	272	481
NZ Fixed Interest	502	779
Total Current	774	1,260
Non Current Investments		
NZ Fixed Interest	4,147	4,175
NZ Property	454	604
NZ Equities	2,330	1,918
Australian Equities	1,487	1,232
Global Fixed Interest	956	-
Global Equities	4,553	3,643
Total Non Current	13,927	11,572
Closing Portfolio Value	14,701	12,832

Cash and Cash equivalents comprises cash and call balances and term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less. Current Fixed Interest comprises fixed interest investments with an original maturity greater than three months and less than one year. Non-Current Investments comprises of investments with a maturity greater than one year.

#### 11. Financial Instruments

#### Classification and fair values

#### (i) Non-derivative financial instruments

Non-derivative financials instruments comprise cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, term receivables and other investments, and trade and other payables.

#### (ii) Derivative financial instruments

Changes in the fair value of any derivative instruments are recognised immediately in the statement of comprehensive revenue and expense.

#### **Fair Value Hierarchy**

Level 1: fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2: fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices)

Level 3: fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs)

Beef + Lamb's financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value by the significance of inputs used in making the measurement are categorised as level 2, as prescribed by IPSAS 30.

#### Interest rates used for determining fair value

The Group uses market interest rates based on the readily available market index interest rates for bank debt.

#### **Quantitative disclosures**

#### Foreign currency risk

#### Nature of the risk

Currency risk is the risk that eventual New Zealand dollar net cashflows from transactions undertaken by the Group will be adversely affected by changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

#### Exposure and risk management

Currency risk from operational expenditure in foreign currencies (and related trade payables) has been substantially hedged by entering into forward exchange contracts which typically have a twelve-month term. In November 2023, the Board approved ceasing hedging of foreign currency exposures due to minimal currency exposures. There were no forward exchange contracts outstanding at 30 September 2024.

Management is responsible for managing exposures in each foreign currency in accordance with the company's Treasury Policy approved by the Board of Directors. This sets minimum and maximum hedging exposures for each currency within defined time frames.

The investment portfolio is managed by Jarden directed by the Investment Policy Statement.

#### **Credit risk**

#### Nature of the risk

Credit risk arises in the normal course of the Group's business on cash, receivables and derivative financial instruments if a counterparty fails to meet its contractual obligations.

#### Exposure and risk management

The Group is exposed to credit risk if customers and counterparties fail to make payments in respect of:

- · Payment of trade and other receivables as they fall due; and
- Contractual cash flows of derivative assets held at fair value.

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the Group's maximum credit exposure.

Beef + Lamb New Zealand Limited also holds investments with various banks and part of the portfolio is managed by Jarden directed by the Investment Policy Statement. On call or term deposits with registered New Zealand banks have a Standard & Poor's credit rating of AA- or higher as at 30 September 2024.

#### (i) Investments - NZ Fixed Interest

The investment strategy for this asset class is to own a direct portfolio of bonds in order to diversify and manage interest rate risk. The weighted average maturity date of the fixed interest portfolio should be no longer than 5 years and the duration of the fixed interest portfolio must be +/- 25% of the benchmark for this asset class. Creditworthiness counterparties (other than government) are selected on the basis of their current Standard & Poor's rating, which must be the Investment Grade (BBB or better). Credit risk is further minimised by placing maximum issuer and portfolio limits.

#### **Interest Rate and Liquidity risk**

#### Nature of the risk

The portfolio investments shall be invested by the Investment Manager in liquid securities, defined as securities that can be transacted quickly and efficiently with minimal impact on the market price.

Investments have been categorised as non-current for fixed interest maturity dates that are beyond twelve months and eguity and managed fund investments. All non-current investments are in investments that have a ready market to liquidate if required. Liquidity risk represents the Group's ability to meet its contractual obligations as they fall due. Exposure and risk management.

#### Exposure and risk management

The Group uses cash and reserves to manage liquidity and evaluates its liquidity requirements on an ongoing basis. The Group generates sufficient cash flows from its operating activities to meet its financial liabilities. Positive operating cash flows and reserves enable working capital to be managed to meet short-term liabilities as they fall due. There were no forward exchange contracts outstanding at 30 September 2024.

Group & Parent				
In thousands of New Zealand dollars	Balance sheet	Contractual cash flows	6 months or less	6-12 months
2024				
Forward exchange contracts				
Inflow	-	-	-	-
Outflow	-	-	-	-
2023				
Forward exchange contracts				
Inflow	10	723	439	284
Outflow	(5)	(718)	(431)	(287)

Group & Darent

#### Market risk

#### (i) Foreign exchange risk

The foreign currency denominated investments in the investment fund manged by Jarden is unhedged, with the rationale being the objective of achieving an optimal level of diversification and history shows that the NZD is somewhat negatively correlated with "risk on" events (foreign market pricing moves adversely which is offset by NZD depreciation).

#### (ii) Equity market risk

Equity market risk of \$8.369 million (2023: \$6.793 million) is held in equity securities which is subject to market movement. The portfolio includes domestic, global and Australian equities. The Board does not hedge to minimise market risk invested in equities and managed funds.

#### **Quantitative disclosures**

#### (i) Foreign currency exchange risk

The Board's exposure to foreign currency risk is as follows based on notional amounts:

#### Quantitative disclosures

In thousands of New Zealand dollars	USD	AUD
2024		
Jarden - Managed Investment Portfolio	5,514	1,531
Gross balance sheet exposure and net exposure	5,514	1,531
2023		
Jarden - Managed Investment Portfolio	3,643	1,232
Gross balance sheet exposure and net exposure	3,643	1,232

#### **Determination of fair values**

Fair values have been determined for measurement and/or disclosure purposes based on the following methods. Where applicable, further information about the assumptions made in determining fair values is disclosed in the notes specific to that asset or liability.

#### (i) Investments in debt securities

The fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, held-to-maturity investments and available-for-sale financial assets is determined by reference to their quoted exit price at the reporting date. The fair value of held-to-maturity investments is determined for disclosure purposes only.

#### (ii) Equity investments

The Jarden Managed Investment Portfolio has been designated as fair value through surplus or deficit as it is managed on a fair value basis and its performance is actively monitored.

This is reported in the unrealised gains and losses.

#### As at 30 September 2024

Group In thousands of New Zealand dollars	Other Financial Liabilities	Designated at Fair Value	Held to Maturity	Loans and receivables	Available for Sale	Total carrying amount	Fair Value
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	6,706	-	6,706	6,706
Trade and other receivables	-	-	-	3,866	-	3,866	3,866
Term Deposits	-	-	5,000	-	-	5,000	5,000
Jarden - Managed Investment Portfolio	-	774	-	-	-	774	774
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	-	774	5,000	10,572	-	16,346	16,346
Jarden - Managed Investment Portfolio	-	13,927	-	-	-	13,927	13,927
Term recievables	-	-	-	25	-	25	25
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	-	13,927	-	25	-	13,952	13,952
TOTAL ASSETS	-	14,701	5,000	10,597	-	30,298	30,298
LIABILITIES							
Trade and other payables	3,709	-	-	-	-	3,709	3,709
Provisions	291	-	-	-	-	291	291
Employee Entitlments	716	-	-	-	-	716	716
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	4,716	-	-	-	-	4,716	4,716
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,716	-	-	-	-	4,716	4,716

#### As at 30 September 2023

Group In thousands of New Zealand dollars	Other Financial Liabilities	Designated at Fair Value	Held to Maturity	Loans and receivables	Available for Sale	Total carrying amount	Fair Value
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	6,192	-	6,192	6,192
Trade and other receivables	-	-	-	3,681	-	3,681	3,681
Term Deposits	-	-	4,000	-	-	4,000	4,000
Derivative financial instruments	10	-	-	-	-	10	10
Jarden - Managed Investment Portfolio	-	1,260	-	-	-	1,260	1,260
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	10	1,260	4,000	9,873	-	15,143	15,143
Jarden - Managed Investment Portfolio	-	11,572	-	-	-	11,572	11,572
Term recievables	-	-	-	34	-	34	34
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	-	11,572	-	34	-	11,606	11,606
TOTAL ASSETS	10	12,832	4,000	9,907	-	26,749	26,749
LIABILITIES							
Trade and other payables	4,251	-	-	-	-	4,251	4,251
Derivative financial instruments	5	-	-	-	-	5	5
Employee Entitlments	703	-	-	-	-	703	703
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	4,959	-	-	-	-	4,959	4,959
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,959	-	-	-	-	4,959	4,959

#### **Capital Management**

The Group's capital comprises retained earnings. To the extent that Beef + Lamb New Zealand Limited's capital represents unutilised levy income, the Group is prohibited under the Commodity Levies Act 1990 from committing that capital to commercial or trading activities without ministerial consent. The Group is further committed to expending any such capital for a list of specified purposes set out in the Commodity Levies (Meat) Order 2021.

The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. It is not the intention of Beef + Lamb New Zealand Limited to build up significant levy stream reserves that span several years. The Board has a policy of retaining a minimum of \$10.4 million of reserves, \$4.5 million in each levy stream, in the event of an unsuccessful referendum to contribute to an orderly wind up of the Company and for sheepmeat an additional \$1.7 million to provision for projected reduction in sheep numbers and production over the next three years.

A key principle is to maintain and enhance the value of the assets owned by Beef + Lamb New Zealand Limited and to manage Beef + Lamb New Zealand Limited's investments in a manner consistent with current governing legislation. Management aims to optimise returns from these investments within operating parameters designed to minimise credit, interest rate and liquidity risk.

There have been no material changes to the Group's management of capital over the reporting period.

#### 12. Investments in Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint Ventures

#### **Basis of consolidation**

#### (i) Subsidiaries

Companies that are controlled, either directly or indirectly by Beef + Lamb New Zealand Limited are considered subsidiary companies. Control exists when the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

#### (ii) Associates

Associates are those entities in which the Group has significant influence, but not control, over the financial and operating policies. The Group financial statements incorporate the Group's interest in associates, using the equity method, as from the date the significant influence commenced or until the date the significant influence ceased.

The Group recognises its share of the associates' net surplus or deficit for the year as other income/expenditure in its Consolidated Statement of Revenue and Expenditure. The Group's share of associates' surplus or deficit is adjusted for any differences between the accounting policies of the Group and associates. The Group recognises its share of other postacquisition movements in reserves in its Consolidated Statement of Revenue and Expenditure. In the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position, the investment is adjusted to match the Group's share of net assets. In assessing the Group's share of earnings of associates, the Group's share of any unrealised profits between Group companies and associates is eliminated.

Judgement is exercised in determining if the Group has significant influence over an associate.

#### (iii) Joint ventures

Joint ventures are joint arrangements between the company and another party in which there is contractual agreement to undertake a specific business project in which the venturers' share several liability in respect of costs and liabilities of the project and share in any resulting output. The Group's share of the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of joint ventures is incorporated into the Group financial statements on a line-by-line basis using the proportionate consolidation method.

Joint Venture	Ownership	Nature of Activities
Pastoral Greenhouse Gas Research Consortium (PGgRC)	18.06% (2023: 16.75%)	PGgRC exists to provide knowledge and tools for New Zealand farmers, so they can mitigate greenhouse gas emissions from the agricultural sector. The balance date of Pastoral Greenhouse Gas Research Consortium is 30 June. The 12 months to 30 September 2024 include three months of unaudited results from the management accounts. At balance date B+LNZ's share of PGgRC shareholding in the Vaccine Venture Company Ltd is \$142,000.

All subsidiaries are incorporated in New Zealand.

Subsidiary	Ownership	Nature of Activities
B+LNZ Genetics Limited (BLG)	100%	As of 1 October 2019, the operations of BLG were transferred into Beef + Lamb New Zealand Ltd. This is a non-trading subsidiary.
B+LNZ Investments Limited	100%	A non-trading subsidiary.
B+LNZ Clover Company Limited	100%	A non-trading subsidiary.
B+LNZ Emissions Company Limited	100%	Holds Beef + Lamb New Zealand Ltd's interest in the Pastoral Greenhouse Gas Research Consortium
Primary Resources Limited	100%	A non-trading subsidiary
North Canterbury Future Farm Limited Partnership (removed from register July 2024)	100%	B+LNZ's Future Farm investment was owned by B+LNZ through its subsidiary B+LNZ Investments Ltd. The North Canterbury Future Farm Limited Partnership's lease concluded on 31 March 2023 and the business ceased at that time.

OSPRI New Zealand Limited - OSPRI New Zealand is a not-for-profit limited company, established on 1 July 2013. Its shareholders are DairyNZ (45.5%), Beef + Lamb New Zealand Ltd (45.5%) and Deer Industry New Zealand (9%).

TBfree New Zealand Ltd and NAIT Ltd are wholly owned subsidiaries of OSPRI New Zealand Ltd.

OSPRI's constitution prohibits distributions to its shareholders and is not considered an associate of the Group.

OSPRI New Zealand Limited is registered as a charitable entity under the Charities Act 2005 (Registration Number CC49247). OSPRI New Zealand Limited has a 30 June balance date.

#### (12a) Movements in investments

As at 30 September 2024, the parent performed an impairment test on the investments in subsidiary companies and where necessary, has written them down to their fair values. The impairment test resulted in no impairment recognised during the period.

#### 13. Reserves and Retained Earnings

#### (a) Retained earnings

Retained earnings contains general retained earnings in addition to the following:

#### (b) Levy Payers Retained Earnings

This comprises the accumulated surpluses and deficits since 2004.

The following table shows the detail of Reserves and Retained Earnings:

Group	Levy Payers Bee	i aliu Sileepiileat
In thousands of New Zealand dollars	2024	2023
Opening balance	22,655	24,472
Attributable comprehensive income for the year	3,882	(1,817)
Closing balance	26,537	22,655

#### 14. Related Party Transactions and Balances

#### (a) Transactions and balances with subsidiaries, joint ventures and industry partners

	2024		2023		
In thousands of New Zealand dollars	Funding Provided by B+LNZ	B+LNZ Receivable/ (Payable)	Funding Provided by B+LNZ	B+LNZ Receivable/ (Payable)	
Pastoral Greenhouse Gas Research Consortium	(85)	26	(25)	(7)	

#### (b) Transactions and balances with other related parties

#### **New Zealand Meat Board**

Beef + Lamb New Zealand Limited utilises New Zealand Meat Board offices located in Brussels for market access activity. These costs are paid to the New Zealand Meat Board as noted below.

In thousands of New Zealand dollars	2024	2023
Service fee: overseas offices	29	43

All Beef + Lamb New Zealand Limited Farmer and Industry Directors are also Directors of the New Zealand Meat Board.

New Zealand Meat Board industry good funding to Beef + Lamb New Zealand Ltd for the 2024 financial year was \$1.25 million (2023: \$1.4 million).

At balance date, the New Zealand Meat Board owed Beef + Lamb New Zealand Limited \$274,939 for services provided and expenses incurred on their behalf (2023: \$9,915) and \$390,000 for industry good grant funding from investment income (2023: \$500,000 industry good grant funding from investment income).

#### Beef + Lamb New Zealand Incorporated

Kate Acland and Rowena Hume are Beef + Lamb New Zealand Limited's representatives on the Board of Beef + Lamb New Zealand Incorporated (B+LNZ Inc). Beef + Lamb New Zealand Limited jointly funds, with meat processors and retailers, the domestic generic promotion activities of B+LNZ Inc. Beef + Lamb New Zealand Limited funding for the 2024 financial year was \$900,000 (2023: \$900,000). Beef + Lamb New Zealand Limited also paid \$16,691 for other work in 2024 (2023: \$1,403 other work).

#### Key management personnel compensation and other transactions

Key management personnel compensation is set out below. The key management personnel are the Directors of the company, the Chief Executive Officer and the direct reports to the Chief Executive Officer.

GROUP	2024		2023	
In thousands of New Zealand dollars	Remuneration	Number	Remuneration	Number
Directors	391	9	392	9
Senior Executive Team	2,093	9	2,182	9

Directors receive fees as disclosed in the Statutory Disclosures. The Leadership Team are on a standard employee contract. The Directors are the Directors of Beef + Lamb New Zealand Ltd.

#### 15. Commitments

The Group leases office premises, motor vehicles, office equipment and is committed to contracted multiyear projects. As the lessor retains all risks of ownership, these leases are classified as operating leases. Operating lease costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. The Group does not have any finance leases. The contracted projects have certain conditions to be met annually before funding is paid.

#### **Operating leases**

The lease commitments are based on current rentals. Beef + Lamb New Zealand Limited leases premises in Wellington, in regional New Zealand locations with lease terms of 1-6 years. Some motor vehicles and office equipment are also leased.

Beef + Lamb New Zealand Limited's non-cancellable lease commitments are as follows:

In thousands of New Zealand dollars	Group 2024	Group 2023	Parent 2024	Parent 2023
Within 1 year	908	848	908	848
Within 1-2 years	775	675	775	675
Within 2-5 years	1,167	1,125	1,167	1,125
Later than 5 years	176	950	176	950

#### **Funding and contractual commitments**

In thousands of New Zealand dollars	Group 2024	Group 2023	Parent 2024	Parent 2023
Within 1 year	3,171	1,509	3,171	1,579
Within 1-2 years	637	380	637	411
Within 2-5 years	360	20	360	20
Later than 5 years	-	-	-	-

#### Other contractual commitments

In 2017, sheep and beef farmers supported Beef + Lamb New Zealand (B+LNZ) joining the Government Industry Agreement on Biosecurity Readiness and Response (GIA). Part of the proposal supported was the creation of a Biosecurity Act levy on sheepmeat and beef producers to pay for readiness and response costs.

B+LNZ is a partner with the Ministry for Primary Industries (MPI) and DairyNZ in the Mycoplasma bovis (M. bovis) response. In June 2019 farmers supported increasing the maximum biosecurity levy on beef (excluding dairy cows) to \$2.00 per head to repay the beef sector's share of the M.bovis response costs.

The biosecurity levy on beef was implemented from February 2020 and to 30 September 2024 \$13.652 million (\$1.80 per head) was collected and paid across to the MPI M.bovis response. In the 2024 financial year, \$3.045 million was collected and paid to MPI (2023 \$3.069 million).

The total response cost for the beef sector is capped to be no more than \$17.9 million up to 2030.

The M.bovis response will transition into the National Pest Management Plan managed by Ospri New Zealand Ltd from 1 January 2025 and a reduction in the beef sector levy from \$1.80 per head is expected in the 2025 financial year.

#### **Capital commitments**

There are no capital commitments as at 30 September 2024 (2023: \$ nil).

#### 16. Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the statement of comprehensive revenue and expense net of any reimbursement.

In June 2024, Beef and Lamb New Zealand announced the Taste Pure Nature programme would be transitioned to the Meat Industry Association and consequently a number of staff positions were dis-established. The transition is still in process at balance date, therefore the group recognised a provision of \$291,000 for expected restructuring costs for employee termination benefits.

## 17. Contingencies

There are no contingencies.

### 18. Events Occurring after Balance Sheet Date

There were no other significant events after balance sheet date that would have a material impact on the financial statements.

# 19. Reconciliation of Surplus/(deficit) to Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities

	Group	Group	Parent	Parent 2023
In thousands of New Zealand dollars	2024	2023	2024	
Reported surplus/ (deficit) after taxation	3,882	(1,817)	3,740	(1,769)
Add/(less) non-cash items:				
Depreciation	227	173	227	219
Software amortisation	161	78	161	78
Income Tax on Jarden Investment	36	45	36	45
Jarden Investment Management fees	38	56	38	56
Provision for doubtful debts	(1)	-	(1)	-
(Gain)/loss on disposal of fixed assets	-	47	-	10
Fair value movement in derivatives	5	108	5	108
Increase/(decrease) in Restructuring provision	291	-	291	-
(Increase)/decrease in term receivables	9	(10)	9	(10)
Increase/(decrease) in short-term employee entitlements	13	(50)	13	(51)
	779	447	779	455
Add/(less) movements in other working capital items:				
(Increase)/decrease in accounts receivable exchange	(316)	(18)	(213)	(55)
(Increase)/decrease in stock valuation	-	771	-	-
(Increase)/decrease in accounts receivable non exchange	12	237	12	237
Increase/(decrease) in accounts payable	(227)	(25)	(212)	27
Increase/(decrease) in accrued lease incentive	(14)	56	(14)	56
Increase/(decrease) in deferred income	1	87	1	87
(Increase)/decrease in income in advance	(338)	77	(338)	77
	(882)	1,185	(764)	429
Add/(less) items classified as investing or financing activities:				
(Gain)/loss on Jarden Managed Investment Fund	(1,485)	(235)	(1,485)	(235)
Dividends received	(458)	(440)	(458)	(440)
Gain / (Loss) on sale of Investments	-	-	-	(30)
Net cash flows from operating activities	1,836	(860)	1,812	(1,590)

#### STATUTORY DISCLOSURES

#### **Disclosure of Interests by Directors**

In accordance with section 140(2) of the Companies Act 1993, the Directors have made general disclosures of their relevant interests for entry in the Groups interest register.

Directors have disclosed interests in transactions with associated and subsidiary companies and these are disclosed in Note 12 to the Financial Statements.

All of the farmer and industry directors of Beef + Lamb New Zealand Limited are directors of the New Zealand Meat Board and all plus the independent director are directors of Meat & Wool Trust Ltd.

#### **Donations**

There were no donations made in the current year.

#### **Board of Directors Remuneration**

Director remuneration paid during the financial year was as follows:

	2024
K Acland	76,220
S Gower	46,260
N Hyslop	42,110
A Guilleux	40,545
P Crawshaw	39,725
P Conley	38,110
G Young	38,110
P Weir (from 21 March 2024)	20,203
B Barber (until 30 June 2024)	28,582
M Coup (until 20 March 2024)	19,490

The Company pays no other fees to Directors for their representation on subsidiary or other related organisations. The total director fees pool approved by farmers is \$401,500.

#### **Directors' Indemnity and Insurance**

In accordance with section 162 of the Companies Act 1993 and the constitution of Beef + Lamb New Zealand Limited, the company has insured all its Directors and Officers against liabilities to other parties that may arise from their positions as Directors of the company. This insurance does not cover liabilities arising from criminal actions and deliberate and reckless acts or omissions by the Directors.

#### **Use of Company Information by Directors**

No notices were received from Directors pursuant to section 145 of the Companies Act 1993 requesting use of company information received in their capacity as Directors which would otherwise not have been available to them.

#### **Employee Remuneration**

Set out below is the number of employees of Beef + Lamb New Zealand Limited and its subsidiaries who received remuneration and other benefits of \$100,000 or more during the year in their capacity as employees.

The remuneration of staff resident outside New Zealand has been converted to New Zealand dollars for the purpose of this disclosure.

(\$,000)	Number of	Employees	
Remuneration Range	2024	2023	
100-109	11	11	
110-119	7	8	
120-129	9	5	
130-139	7	8	
140-149	5	2	
150-159	5	2	
160-169	2	4	
170-179	3	7	
180-189	4	3	
190-199	3	1	
210-219	1	3	
220-229	1	0	
230-239	2	3	
240-249	2	0	
250-259	1	0	
270-279	0	1	
290-299	1	0	
320-329	1	0	
380-389	0	1	

The People & Culture Committee of the company's Board approves the company's remuneration policy.

#### **Subsidiary and Associated Company Directors**

The following persons held the office of Director of the respective subsidiaries and associates during the year to 30 September 2024. Directors appointed (A) or who resigned (R) during the year are indicated. Staff appointments do not receive Directors fees or other benefits as a Director.

Meat and Wool Trust Ltd (Shareholder Beef + Lamb New Zealand Ltd)	Kate Acland, Bayden Barber (R), Peter Conley, Martin Coup (R), Patrick Crawshaw, Scott Gower, Alex Guilleux, Nicky Hyslop, Geoffrey Young, Phillip Weir (A)
Subsidiary Companies and Associates	
B+LNZ Clover Company Ltd Holds B+LNZ interest in Pastoral Genomics Research Consortium	Sam McIvor (R), Cros Spooner (A)
B+LNZ Emissions Company Ltd Holds B+LNZ interest in Pastoral Greenhouse Gas Research Consortium	Sam McIvor (R), Cros Spooner (A)
B+LNZ Investments Ltd Holds B+LNZ interest in the North Canterbury Future Farm	Sam McIvor (R), Cros Spooner (A)
Taste Pure Nature Ltd Licences meat exporters with Taste Pure Nature branding	Sam McIvor (R), Cros Spooner (A)
Primary Resources Ltd Non-trading	Sam McIvor (R), Cros Spooner (A)
B+LNZ Genetics Ltd Non-trading	Sam McIvor (R), Cros Spooner (A)
Beef + Lamb New Zealand Incorporated	Sam McIvor (R), K Acland, R Hume (A)
Pastoral Greenhouse Gas Research Ltd	Dan Brier (A)



# **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the stakeholders of Beef + Lamb New Zealand (Company and Group)

Report on the audit of the Company and Group financial report

# **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying Company and Group financial report which comprises:

- the Company and Group statement of financial position as at 30 September 2024;
- the Company and Group statements of financial performance, statements of other comprehensive revenue and expense, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended;
- notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information; and
- the Company and Group statement of service performance on pages 1 to 2.

In our opinion, the accompanying Company and group financial report of Beef + Lamb New Zealand (the Company) and its subsidiaries (the Group) on pages 1 to 28 presents fairly in all material respects:

- the Company and Group's financial position as at 30 September 2024 and its financial performance and cash flows for the year ended on that date: and
- the service performance for year ended 30 September 2024 in accordance with the Company and Group's service performance criteria.
- In accordance with Public Benefit Entity International Public Sector Accounting Standards (PBE Standards) issued by the New Zealand Accounting Standards Board.



# Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) (ISAs (NZ)) and the audit of the statement of service performance in accordance with the New Zealand Auditing Standard 1 The Audit of Service Performance Information (NZ AS 1). We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

We are independent of Beef + Lamb New Zealand in accordance with Professional and Ethical Standard 1 International Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners (Including International Independence Standards) (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) (IESBA Code), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

Our responsibilities under ISAs (NZ) and NZ AS 1 are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Company and Group financial report section of our report.

Other than in our capacity as auditor we have no relationship with, or interests in, the Company and Group.





This independent auditor's report is made solely to the stakeholders. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the stakeholders those matters we are required to state to them in the independent auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, none of KPMG, any entities directly or indirectly controlled by KPMG, or any of their respective members or employees, accept or assume any responsibility and deny all liability to anyone other than the stakeholders for our audit work, this independent auditor's report, or any of the opinions we have formed.

# Responsibilities of directors for the Company and Group financial report

The directors, on behalf of the Company and Group, are responsible for:

- the preparation and fair presentation of the Company and Group financial report in accordance with PBE Standards issued by the New Zealand Accounting Standards Board;
- implementing the necessary internal control to enable the preparation of a Company and Group financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error;
- service performance criteria that are suitable in order to prepare service performance information in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand (being PBE Standards); and
- assessing the ability of the Company and Group to continue as a going concern. This includes
  disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of
  accounting unless they either intend to liquidate or to cease operations or have no realistic alternative
  but to do so.

# \*Land Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Company and Group financial report

Our objective is:

- to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole and the statement of service performance is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- to issue an independent auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but it is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs NZ and NZ AS 1 will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. They are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate and collectively, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the Company and Group financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the Company and Group financial report is located at the External Reporting Board (XRB) website at:

https://www.xrb.govt.nz/standards/assurance-standards/auditors-responsibilities/audit-report-13/

This description forms part of our independent auditor's report.

For and on behalf of:

KPMG

Wellington

4 December 2024