Farm Biodiversity Assessment - Individual Sites



For each discrete area of native vegetation record the following

Native vegetation patch	number/na	me:				
Assessor: Weather:		Date: Time taken:				
Area (approximate): Altitude range (m):	<1 ha	1-2 ha	2-5 ha	5-10 ha	>10 ha	
Physiography (including	slopes and	aspects):				
Asset map: Field drawing of vegetation patcl (streams, fencelines, bluffs etc) a						

_		r y – circle as mar nit, indicate for each)		iate	
Type:	Forest	Shrubland	Wetland	Grassland	Rock outcrop
	Other:				
Origin:	Remnant	of original	Secondary	/regenerating	
Canopy (cover:	Continuous (>	>70%)	Diffuse (15-7	' 0%)
Addition	al vegetati	on type (%	% of vegeta	tion patch are	a)
Type:	Forest	Shrubland	Wetland	Grassland	Rock outcrop
	Other:				
Origin:	Remnant	of original	Secondary	/regenerating	
Canopy	cover:	Continuous (>	>70%)	Diffuse (15-7	' 0%)
Addition	al vegetati	on type (9	% of vegeta	tion patch are	a)
Type:	Forest	Shrubland	Wetland	Grassland	Rock outcrop
	Other:				
Origin:	Remnant	of original	Secondary	/regenerating	
Canopy (cover:	Continuous (>	>70%)	Diffuse (15-7	(0%)
Domina	nt native p	lants:			
Canopy	(height & d	diameters):			

Canopy (height & diameters):

Understorey and ground layer:

Known rare plant species:

Other native plant species:

Canopy condition/damage (all vegetation types):	
Include evidence of dieback and causes (possums, herbicide, rabbits/hares etc)	
Understorey condition/damage (forest and shrubland):	
Include evidence of browse by domestic livestock and feral animals. Consider how vigorous regeneration is and the extent that palatable species are represented.	

Native birds seen/heard:	
Native reptiles seen or suspected to be present:	
Native fish seen:	
Native invertebrates seen:	
Other native fauna (bats):	
Soil disturbance & erosion (all vegetation types):	
Presence/absence of litter, pugging, sheet or tunnel gully erosion, soil turnover by pigs, browse etc	
Evidence of fire impacts (if any):	
Include evidence of both historic or recent fires	

Modification to hydrology (wetlands, streams, riparian habitats):
Has the hydrology been modified through damming, diversion or realignment of water courses? Indicate modifications on the sketch of the patch.
Presence of fences and condition:
Is the patch fenced and for those fences that are present, what is their condition? Indicate fencing on the sketch of the patch.
Exotic predators (seen/sign):
Sign or other evidence of mustelids, rodents, cats, hedgehogs etc.

Sign or other evidence of deer, goats, pigs, wallabies, possums etc. Wasps (presence and abundance): Presence and abundance of wasps, especially in late summer. Weed presence/abundance and severity of infestation Shrub/tree weeds: Vine weeds: **Ground cover weeds: Human impacts/management:** Trampling and damage to vegetation, garden waste, rubbish, evidence of timber harvesting etc. Any evidence of past/current conservation management - e.g. planting, plant and animal pest control etc

Exotic herbivores & omnivores (seen/sign) and severity of damage:

Summary score for each patch (circle the most appropriate category) Patch attributes Current condition degraded average good Relative size v small medium large Connectivity v isolated gaps not too big well connected Diversity v few species lower than expected high Rare/distinctive species none some importance high importance Management required Fencing needed lots some none Weed control lots some none Deer/goats/pigs lots some none **Predators** lots some none Value to farm Provides shelter high medium low Stock water access high medium low Cultural values high medium low Recreation high medium low Water regulation high medium low Timber, honey etc high medium low Sediment reduction high medium low Food gathering high medium low

Is the asset considered ecologically significant in the district plan, or might it meet the plans' criteria for ecological significance? (in your view or the views of your farm team)